

FRIDAY SEPTEMBER 9. 1743.

Yesterday arriv'd a Mail from France.

Leghorn, August 24.

Courier is gone through this Place to Pisa, who is charg'd with Letters for Admiral Matthews, in order to acquaint him, that the Spaniards have debark'd a great Quantity of Ammunition in the Neighbourhood of Civita Vecchia. This Courier was dispatch'd from Rome by M. de Thun, Queen of Hungary's Minister. We have caus'd 3000 of the Troops of the Grand Duke, to advance to the Frontiers; and we intend to send other Troops Way, in order to join those which Count Traun advanced as far as Poretta, with a View to secure State from the Attempts of the Spaniards.

Mantua, August 28. We learn that Count Traun has made some Motions, but with what View we cannot penetrate as yet. The King of Sardinia does not seem to give himself much Trouble about the Spaniards; he would rather lately to surprize two of his Posts, purely he might have the more of them in his Power; for they had time to send back an Account of their Postages, he surrounded their Detachment, and cut them to Pieces.

Extra of a private Letter dated from Nuremberg, September 3. 1743.

I gave you lately an Account of the Situation Things are in at Egra, and I am afraid misled you into an Opinion, that it was long ago in the Hands of the Austrians; and therefore I think myself obliged to extricate you from this Mistake, by informing you what has since happen'd. The Marquis de Herouville, who commands in the Place, and Count Kollowrath, who commands the Queen of Hungary's Troops that form'd the Blockade, believ'd themselves so sure of the Court of Vienna's approving the Capitulation upon which they had agreed, that all Hostilities were suspended. Under this Persuasion, the French made a great Feast the 25th, in Honour of St. Lewis. Count Kollowrath permitted the Officers to buy up a great Quantity of Provisions, and even carried his Complaisance far, as to make the Count de Herouville a Present what he thought might be necessary to his own use. This Intercourse of Civilities, occasion'd the Report that the Austrians were in Possession of the Place; but the Arrival of the Courier from Vienna has chang'd the Scene. Her Hungarian Majesty will absolutely make the Garison Prisoners of War. Upon Count Kollowrath has resumed the Blockade, and the Garison are as close shut up as ever; with this Difference however, that they have taken their Opportunity to get in three Weeks or a Month's Provision, by that time, the Court of Vienna perhaps may have Occasion to change her Mind.

S. I forgot to tell you, that amongst the new Instructions given to Count Kollowrath, this is one; for the future, he take care to hinder such as get out of the Place from getting into it again.

Frankfort, September 8. The First Division of the Troops pass'd the Maine Yesterday; the same Day arriv'd here, where they have halted till now; pass'd the Rhine To-morrow, and then we can expect the Third. Here are two very different Reports, of which comes attended with such Evidence, as pronounce it true. The First is, that Prince Charles actually pass'd the Rhine in the Neighbourhood of the Third. With the Loss of one General Officer, and a few more; and that afterwards, the Austrians made themselves Masters of two Forts, and put the Garisons in to the Sword. The other, that Prince Charles made an Attempt to pass the Rhine, and had been repuls'd by the French, with great Loss.

Munich, September 5. Yesterday the Army of Prince Charles of Lorraine took Post upon the Rhine, two miles above Brisac. They must of Necessity make themselves Masters of several Forts well provided with Cannon, before they can come at the Canal of Mortier; which cannot but cost a great Number of Men, since they dispute every Inch of Ground. We heard they were still continue to hear, a great firing on the 4th; but, as yet, we know no Particulars.

September 9. The Court received Yesterday an Advice, That in the Night, between the 4th and 5th of this Month, the Austrians attempted to pass the Rhine in three different Places, between Hun-
dred and Brisac. That 3000 Men, by the Assistance

of a great Number of Boats, and by the Favour of a very thick Fog, landed near Little Landau, Otmsheim, and Hombourg; by which Means they were ashore before they were seen, and would certainly have surpriz'd a French Regiment of Foot, if they had not been so complaisant as to give them Notice of their Arrival, by shouting out *Victory! Victory!* as loud as they could bawl. Upon this the French Battalion retir'd, till they were sustain'd by the Regiments of Champagne and Poitou's Foot, and Hospital's Dragoons. They then return'd, and charg'd the Austrians so briskly, that they forc'd the greatest Part of them into the Water, who were drown'd, and made 180 Prisoners. About Fifty Boats were sunk, and (if the French Account may be believ'd) they had in all but Five Men kill'd, and Sixty wounded. We expect, with great Impatience, the Austrian Account of this Affair; which, it is suppos'd, will differ widely from this; because the French themselves allow, that his Royal Highness still persists in his Resolution of passing the Rhine in that Neighbourhood.

Extract from the Paris Almanac.

Paris, September 7. The King set out Yesterday from Choisy, in order to go to Petitbourg, from whence his Majesty will proceed, To-morrow, to Fontainebleau. His Majesty's Journey will take up in all 48 Days.

In the Affair which happen'd on the 4th near Little Landau, where M. Balincourt commanded, we had but Five Men killed, and Fifty wounded. The 3000 Men that pass'd the Rhine were commanded by the Prince of Waldeck, under the Eye of Prince Charles himself. The Officers sent by his Royal Highness to inspect the Prisoners, report, that not so much as a single Man of their whole Detachment escap'd; and that they had, besides, upwards of 50 Boats sunk to the Bottom by our Batteries. M. Balincourt observes, that if they had hitherto conceived smifs of the Vigour and Valour of our Troops, they will be now convinced of their Mistake effectually. Prince Charles of Lorraine particularly demanded the Prince of Baden Dourlach, but, upon the strictest Inquisition, he is not to be found amongst the Dead, or Prisoners.

Brisac, September 7. The Austrians have, with much ado, established a Bridge over the Rhine which communicates with the Island of Reigne, whereof they have made themselves Masters; and, in which, 9 or 10,000 Men have taken Post; so that they have now only a Branch of the Rhine to pass, in order to be on our Side. But as we have a Bridge cover'd by a very strong Work, we hope to be soon in a Condition either to force them back again, or, if possible, drive them into the River, as M. Balincourt did.

Letters from the Army of M. Noailles of the 8th, advise, that the Dutch Troops were daily joining the Allies, who had also received their heavy Artillery, and were making great Preparations, with a Design, in all Appearance, to come and attack us. However, we persuade ourselves, that notwithstanding all this, they will think better of it, and incline rather to march, in time, to the Moselle, than run the Risk of such an Engagement, as must inevitably cost them very dear, considering our advantageous Position. Our Right is supported by Landau, our Left by Guernsheim; before us we have the River Queiche, the Banks of which are fortified with strong Entrenchments and good Redoubts; besides all which, we have a good Morass behind us.

Dunkirk, September 6. The Works that are carrying on before this Place, consist in a good Parapet, well turfed and staked on the Edge of the old avant Fosse, with a Fosse ten Toises broad, and eight deep from the Sea, on the East Side, quite to the Canal of Bergue, crossing that of Funes, as also that of Molre; this last will put that Port out of all Danger. Upon these Works there are erected, at equal Distances, several Batteries, well furnished with Cannon for their Defence. We are likewise constructing a new Battery besides the Three that were erected two Years ago at the Extremity of these Retrenchments, in order to command the whole Coast by the Fire from these Batteries, and from the Retrenchments. We have likewise fortified three old Batteries, and we talk of doing the same by that Part of the Canal of Bergue which reaches to the West, as also the whole Circuit of the Citadel, in the same Taste with the rest of the new Works.

Actions 2045.

HOME PORTS.

Bristol, September 6. Arriv'd the Warren, Trenchard, from Barbados in 43 Days. The Henries, Capt. Little, arriv'd last Night from Virginia, and brings an Ac-

count, that Lord Bamf, in the Hastings, on a fresh Cruise, had taken a Spanish Privateer from St. Domingo, with 10 Carriage Guns, about 20 Swivels, and 87 Men. Capt. Little met him going in, as he came out of York River. This Afternoon arriv'd the Bath, Lewis, and the Wager, James, both from Jamaica. They came out with the Lion Man of War, the whole Fleet put into Dona-Maria Bay on the 19th of July, and sail'd again the 16th, and were all left safe and well nigh Bermudas, in Lat. 34. about 38 in Number, under the Lion, and Humbold Fireship.

Dover, September 7. Wind N. N. W. Arriv'd the Prosperous Eider, Northcote, from Virginia, and a Ship from Nevis.

Deal, September 7. Wind N. W. Arriv'd the Swift, Maynard, from Nevis; and the Ranger, Lawton, from Maryland. Sail'd the Charming Molly, Johnson, from Gibraltar. Remains his Majesty's Ships the Shrewsbury, Berwick, Monmouth, and Dover; the two Princes, and the Sloop for Mahone.

Gravefend, September 6. Pass'd by the Bee, Burford, from Lisbon.

Arriv'd

At Barbados, the Fleming, Dunkin, from London.

L O N D O N.

At the Council Chamber, Whitehall, the 8th Day of September, 1743.

P R E S E N T

Their Excellencies the Lords Justices in Council.

WHEREAS Information has been this Day given to their Excellencies the Lords Justices, at this Board, That upon the 4th of this Instant, a Dutch Ship attempted to come into Plymouth Sound, and that there is great Reason to believe she came from Messina, and has the Plague on Board; and that upon being order'd off the Coast, the Master refused to comply therewith till two Shot had been fired at him; after which, he bore away, and steer'd to the South-East. For preventing therefore the said Ship from coming into any of the Ports of this Kingdom. It is ordered by their Excellencies the Lords Justices in Council, That the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs do immediately give Notice to all their Officers, at the several Ports, to take the utmost care to prevent the said Ship from coming into, or being admitted into any of the Ports of this Kingdom, or into any of the Places appointed for performing of Quarantine. The said Ship is Fly-boat built, of about Four Hundred Tons, High Stereod, hath a small Lion Head, and very foul; and there is carved in her Stern, below the Windows, in Yellow Letters *De Resolute*. And the Right Hon. the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, and the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, are to give the necessary Directions herein, as to them may respectively appertain.

W. SHARPE.

The six Ships mention'd in our last to be arriv'd from India, came with the Dover Man of War from St. Helena on the 10th of June, and left there only two Dutch Ships. The Company expected five more Ships this Year, but the Season was so far advanced, that 'tis much fear'd they lost their Passage.

The Currant Ship said to be carried into Malaga, proves the Batchelor, Brown, from Venice, for London.

The Duke of Cumberland, Ford, from London for Carolina, is founder'd at Sea; the Captain and Crew saved themselves in their Boat, and are got to Galway in Ireland.

On Wednesday they began to measure the Croydon Road from the Standard in Cornhill, and stake the Places for erecting Mile Stones, the Inhabitants of Croydon having subscribed for Thirteen; which, 'tis thought, will be carried on by the Gentlemen of Suffex.

Col. Hardegg arriv'd on the 6th of September at Vienna, with the Capitulation of the City of Ingoldstadt; so that now all Bavaria is in the Hands of the Queen of Hungary.

The States of the Province of Brabant have consented to charge themselves with the Payment of the Interest of 3,000,000, borrowed by the late Emperor on the Revenues of Silesia.

It is certain that the M. de Montmoency will command the Army which the French are forming on the Moselle, and which, it is said, will consist of 45 of 50,000 Men.

On Tuesday died, at her House at Richmond, Mrs. Blackall, a Widow Gentlewoman of a very considerable Estate.

Extract of a Letter from on board the Prince Frederick,
dated September 3. 1743.

• We met with an English Snow plying with an Easterly Wind in the Latitude of 48: 0: from Carolina bound to Cowes, laden with Rice; which Capt. Barnett took in Tow, after telling the Master, that he seemed to be looking out for a Spanish Privateer to take him; being in a Latitude in which he could not expect to see a Ship from America; as the Winds, her Master owned, had been Easterly Ten Days.

On Wednesday the Men employ'd in taking the Fifth out of the Mud in the Canal in St. James's Park, found a Silver Mug, some Pewter Pots, and a Quantity of old Iron.

Yesterday Twenty-one Prisoners were tried at the Old Bailey, whereof

Twelve were cast for Transportation. And Eight Acquitted.

Among whom was Silvester Ridge, who was tried for enlisting William Ross into the Service of the French King.

Eleanor Mackintosh was tried for the Murder of Francis Bryan in St. Catharines, and was found Guilty of Manslaughter.

We are assured, that at Lowe and Berry's Old State Lottery Office in Stationers Alley, near Ludgate-street, the Demand for Tickets, and Shares, and Chances increases exceedingly, as the Time for Drawing the Lottery approaches, and on account of the surprising Success that attended their Adventurers in all the Lotteries they have been concern'd in; they having shared, sold, or register'd most of the considerable Prizes; their Numerical and Register Books are contriv'd in so beautiful a Manner, and their Office retir'd from the Noise of the Publick Streets, that the Business will be manag'd with the greatest Exactness; therefore most Persons that have purchas'd at other Places, chuse to register with them.

N. B. They will pay their Shares as soon as drawn, formerly.

Ruckholt-House, near Low-Lytton, in Essex. The General Satisfaction given on Monday last, in performing the Serenata, call'd Solomon, occasions the same to be performed on Monday next. Tickets Two Shillings; which entitles each Person to a Breakfast, as usual. And by Desire, the same will be continued in the Afternoon. Each Person after Two o'Clock, to pay One Shilling Admittance.

High Water this Day	Morning	Evening
at London-Bridge.	03 34	03 48

Bank Stock, Nothing done. India, 18s. South Sea, 111. Old Annuity, 114 s. 8ths to 3-4ths. New ditto, 113 1-4th to 3-8ths. Three per Cent. Annuities, 102. Ditto 1743, 102. Seven per Cent. Loan, Nothing done. Five per Cent. ditto, Nothing done. Royal Assurance, 81. London Assurance, 11 7-8ths. India Bonds, 4 l. 14 s. to 15 s. Prem. Bank Circulation, 61. 2 s. 6d. Prem. Salt Talties, 103. Three per Cent. ditto, 99. Exchequer Orders, 105. Three per Cent. ditto, 99. Million Bank, 119. Equivalent, 111. Lottery Tickets, 11 l. 5 s.

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See Preface.

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